

BEFORE THE ARIZONA COLLI CITATION CONNINISSION OF THE Corporation Commission

JIM IRVIN

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

COMMISSIONER-CHAIRMAN

RENZ D. JENNINGS

COMMISSIONER

CARL J. KUNASEK COMMISSIONER

SEP 1 8 1998

DOCKETED BY

Docket/Nd. RE-00000C-94-0165

SEP 18

AZ COMP OCH WISSISH

LONG THE CARREST

3 28 PH 198

IN THE MATTER OF COMPETITION IN THE PROVISION OF ELECTRIC SERVICES THROUGHOUT THE STATE OF ARIZONA.

COMMENTS OF THE RESIDENTIAL UTILITY CONSUMER OFFICE

The Residential Utility Consumer Office ("RUCO") makes the following comments on the proposed permanent amendments to the Retail Electric Competition Rules and related rules (the "Rules"). Attached as Exhibit A are the actual textual modifications which RUCO proposes.

R14-2-203 **Establishment of Service**

Paragraph D.4 requires that customers cannot receive service from an Electric Service Provider until the regularly-scheduled meter read date at least 15 days after requesting such service. While this may be reasonable for customers who are already receiving electric service and desire to switch generation providers, it is unreasonable for customers who are establishing new service (e.g. a residential customer moving to a different home). The current Rule effectively prohibits the customer from selecting an Electric Service Provider as his first provider of generation services. Unless a customer is willing to live in his new home without electricity until the next regularly scheduled meter reading, he would have to take standard offer service from the incumbent utility until the next meter read date, at which time he could switch to a competitive provider. This limitation is unfair to customers and discriminates in favor of the incumbent utilities.

The Rule should be clarified to only apply to a customer who is changing his generation provider, not to a customer who is receiving completely new service.

R14-2-210 Billing and Collection

Paragraph A.1 provides that customers can authorize a meter reading schedule of less than 25 days, but establishes a maximum reading period of 35 days. RUCO proposes that customers be permitted to authorize reading schedules that are either longer or shorter than the 25 to 35 day presumptive period.

The emergency enactment of Paragraph A.3.d provides that a customer's failure to remedy an equipment failure "will result in penalties as imposed by the Commission." RUCO opposes this provision. The Commission has no authority to impose penalties on customers of utility services.

Paragraph A.6.c provides that, when a bill must be estimated, a customer-supplied meter read should be used if possible. If a customer-supplied meter read is used, it is not an estimated bill. Therefore, the provision of paragraph A.6.c should be moved to paragraph A.5.d, to require that an estimated bill is not permitted if the utility can obtain a customer-supplied meter reading.

Paragraph C.1 requires that all bills be due no later than 15 days after they are rendered. RUCO proposes that the Rule provide that bills be due no sooner than 15 days after they are rendered.

The first sentence of paragraph E.1 is largely duplicative of language which is included at R14-2-209.F. However, the language proposed in this section contradicts R14-2-209.F slightly. R14-2-209.F provides that a utility or Meter Service Provider shall test a meter, but this section incorrectly imposes the duty on a utility or Meter Reading Service Provider. In addition, R12-2-209.F is broader in allowing not only the customer, but also the ESP, UDC or billing entity to request the meter test. This section only

23

24

provides that a customer can request the test. RUCO proposes omitting the duplicative language in this section, and retaining the broader and more accurate language of R14-2-209.F. R14-2-209 creates the obligation to test a meter. This section should merely set forth the procedure to correct a billing error revealed by a meter tested pursuant to R14-2-209.

The language of paragraph F should be broadened somewhat to include all financial institutions, not just banks, and to include methods of payment other than checks.

R14-2-1601 Definitions

The definition of "consumer information" used in this section is inconsistent with the use of the term "consumer information" in R14-2-1618. Here, consumer information is defined as being "impartial information...about competition and competitive and noncompetitive services and is distinct from advertising and marketing." The definition suggests that "consumer information" is general information about which services are competitive and which will remain noncompetitive, and information about the transition to competition. However, the term is used in R14-2-1618.B to describe information about the specific offering being made to a consumer. The term originally proposed for this definition was "consumer education", which is more descriptive of what the definition actually includes. The required disclosures of R14-2-1618.B are no replacement for educating the public about the nature of the changes in the electric industry. The Commission should change the term "consumer information" in this definition to "consumer education." In addition, the Commission should add a provision to R14-2-1615 requiring the Director of the Utilities Division to implement a consumer education program prior to January 1, 1999. The Customer Education Working Group,

established by the Utilities Division, has already recommended a framework for a consumer education program. The Director should continue to work with the Customer Education Working Group in developing the program.

RUCO proposes clarifying the date referred to in the definition of "Stranded Cost." Currently, R14-2-1601.39 refers to assets and obligations acquired or entered into prior to "the adoption of this Article." To avoid confusion that could result due to the amendment of the Article approximately two years after its original enactment, the phrase "the adoption of this Article" should be replaced with "December 26, 1996", the date of the original adoption of the Article.

The definition of "System Benefits" in R14-2-1601.40 should not include nuclear power plant decommissioning programs. See Section R14-2-1608 below.

R14-2-1603 Certificates of Convenience and Necessity

RUCO proposes modifying the language of paragraph B.5 to require that unaudited information be identified as such, and the preparer identified. Distinguishing between audited and unaudited information permits a reviewer of the filing to assign the appropriate level of scrutiny to the data, potentially saving resources for other areas.

R14-2-1604 Competitive Phases

Currently, the Rules provide that only ½ of 1 percent of residential customers will be allowed access to competitive electric services each quarter during the two-year phase-in period. The Rules do not provide any definite benefits for those residential customers who are denied access to competitive services during the phase-in period. Therefore, RUCO proposes that the residential phase-in program currently provided for be significantly expanded in size.

It is unclear at whose option load profiling "may" be used, as indicated in section B.3. RUCO believes that the option should be the customers (in fact, R14-2-1613.J.3 indicates that certain customers "will be permitted" to use load profiling). To avoid any confusion about whether a customer's right to use load profiling is different after the residential phase-in period than during the phase-in period, the Rules should read the same in this section and in R14-2-1613.J.7. RUCO had proposed consistent language in both sections, which incorporates provisions from both sections.

In section C, RUCO proposes that the language require Affected Utilities to request a rate decrease for standard offer customers, rather than merely allow Affected Utilities to suggest mechanisms providing benefits to standard offer customers.

In section G, the use of the terms "Affected Utility" and "Utility Distribution Company" are redundant, because "Load-Serving Entity" is defined to include both of those entities. In addition, the reference to the "date indicated in R14-2-1604.A" is vague, as that section refers to both January 1, 1999 and January 1, 2001.

R14-2-1606 Services Required to be Made Available

The emergency amendments struck the first clauses in the first sentence of this Rule. The phrase "in that class", which referred to the first clause, should also be stricken.

R14-2-1607 Recovery of Stranded Cost of Affected Utilities

RUCO has consistently advocated that standard offer rates be unbundled, and that <u>all</u> customers' bills reflect a charge for the recovery of stranded costs. RUCO incorporates the proposals in the testimony of its witness, Dr. Richard Rosen, in the stranded cost hearing on this matter.

R14-2-1608 System Benefits Charges

System Benefits Charges should not include nuclear fuel disposal and nuclear plant decommissioning programs. Those programs relate to generation, and therefore should be included in generation costs, and, if necessary, stranded costs. In addition, the terms "market transformation" and "long-term public benefit research and development" programs are vague. Neither term is defined in the Rules. RUCO objects to the inclusion of programs in the Stranded Benefits Charge which are not identifiable. In addition, neither of the terms is included in the definition of Stranded Benefits under R14-2-1601.40.

R14-2-1613 Service Quality, Consumer Protections, Safety and Billing Requirements

RUCO proposes the insertion of a new paragraph D to explicitly state that customers have a three-day "cooling off period" in which they can rescind their authorization to change generation providers. Currently, the only reference in the Rules to a cooling off period is in R14-2-1618.F.8. However, that reference merely requires that customers be provided information about consumer rights pertaining to rescission. Nowhere else in the Rules is such a right of rescission explicitly granted. Therefore, RUCO proposes that the rescission right be clearly granted in R14-2-1613.

In paragraphs J.13 through J.15, the Rules provide that certain metering standards approved by the Director of the Utilities Division will apply. Those standards should be set forth in the Rules if they are currently available. If they are not currently available, the Director may be required to comply with the Administrative Procedure Act's rulemaking requirements in adopting such standards.

22

23

24

R14-2-1617 Affiliate Transactions

Paragraph A.7 requires that transfers of non-tarriffed goods from an Affected Utility to an affiliate be at the higher of fully-allocated cost or market price. RUCO proposes that language be added which explicitly states that this provision applies to to an Affected Utility's divestiture its generation assets to an affiliate.

R14-2-1618 Disclosure of Information

RUCO notes that the obligation to provide information is imposed on "Load Serving Entities," which would include Affected Utilities and Utility Distribution Companies providing Standard Offer service. RUCO is unsure whether the Commission intends to require the disclosure for Standard Offer service.

RUCO urges caution in establishing mandatory disclosure requirements. consumers are overwhelmed with information about their generation choices, they may be deterred from entering the competitive market. Of course, essential pricing data should be provided to customers. However, data such as fuel mix and emission characteristics, which may be important to pockets of consumers, could be made available upon request, but should not be required for disclosure to all consumers. RUCO therefore proposes striking sections B.5 through B.7.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 18th day of September, 1998.

1	AN ORIGINAL AND TEN COPIES of the foregoing filed this 18 th day
2	of September, 1998 with:
3	Docket Control Division
4	Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 West Washington
5	Phoenix, Arizona 85007
6	COPIES of the foregoing hand delivered/ mailed this 18 th day of September, 1998 to:
7	Jerry Rudibaugh, Chief Hearing Officer Hearing Division
8	Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona
9	Paul Bullis, Chief Counsel
10	Legal Division Arizona Corporation Commission
11	1200 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007
12	Walter W. Meek, President Arizona Utility Investors Association
13	2100 North Central Avenue, Suite 210 Phoenix, Arizona 85004
14	Michael A. Curtis Martinez & Curtis, P.C.
15	2712 North 7 th Street Phoenix, Arizona 85006
16	David C. Kennedy Law Offices of David C. Kennedy
17	100 West Clarendon Avenue, Suite 200 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3525
18	Garkane Power Association
19	P.O. Box 790 Richfield, Utah 84701
20	Thomas C. Home Michael S. Dulberg
21	Horne, Kaplan & Bistrow, P.C. 40 North Central Avenue, Suite 2800 Phoenix, Arizona 85004
22	Barbara S. Bush
23	Coalition for Responsible Energy Education 315 West Riviera Drive Tempe, Arizona 85252

Ray Williamson, Acting Director Utilities Division Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Barbara Klemstine Arizona Public Service Company Law Department, Station 9909 P.O. Box 53999 Phoenix, Arizona 85072-3999

Rick Gilliam Land and Water Fund of the Rockies 2260 Baseline Road, Suite 200 Boulder, Colorado 80302

Charles R. Huggins Arizona State AFL/CIO P.O. Box 13488 Phoenix, Arizona 85002

Dixie Escalante Rural Electric Assoc. CR Box 95 Beryl, Utah 84714

Norman J. Furuta
Department of the Navy
900 Commodore Drive, Building 107
P.O. Box 272 (Attn: Code 90C)
San Bruno, California 94066-0720

Mohave Electric Cooperative P.O. Box 1045 Bullhead City, Arizona 86430

Morenci Water and Electric Company P.O. Box 68 Morenci, Arizona 85540

1 2	Arizona Department of Commerce Energy Office 3800 North Central Avenue, 12 th Floor Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Sam Defraw (Attn: Code 16R) Rate Intervention Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command 200 Stovall Street, Room 10S12
3	Betty Pruitt	Alexandria, Virginia 22332-2300
4	Arizona Community Action Association 2627 North Third Street, Suite 2 Phoenix, Arizona 85004	Rick Lavis Arizona Cotton Growers Association 4139 East Broadway Road Chaptin Arizona 85040
5	Choi Lee	Phoenix, Arizona 85040
6	Phelps Dodge Corporation 2600 North Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004-3014	Steve Brittle Don't Waste Arizona, Inc. 6205 South 12 th Street Phoenix, Arizona 85040
7	Bradley Carroll	
8	Tucson Electric Power Company P.O. Box 711 Tucson, Arizona 85702	Karen Glennon 19037 North 44 th Avenue Glendale, Arizona 85308
9	Creden Huber	Ajo Improvement Company
10	Sulphur Springs Valley Electric Coop. P.O. Box 820	P.O. Drawer 9 Ajo, Arizona 85321
11	Willcox, Arizona 85644	Columbus Electric Cooperative
**	Mick McElrath	P.O. Box 631 Deming, New Mexico 88031
12	Cyprus Climax Metals P.O. Box 22015	
13	Tempe, Arizona 85285-2015	Continental Divide Electric Cooperative P.O. Box 1087
14	Wallace Kolberg Southwest Gas Corporation	Grants, New Mexico 87020
17	P.O. Box 98510	A. B. Baardson
15	Las Vegas, Nevada 89193-8510	Nordic Power 4281 North Summerset
16	Jack Shilling Duncan Valley Electric Cooperative	Tucson, Arizona 85715
17	P.O. Box 440 Duncan, Arizona 85534	Michael Rowley Calpine Power Services
1/	Nancy Russell	50 West San Fernando, Suite 550 San Jose, California 95113
18	Arizona Association of Industries	,
19	2025 North Third Street, Suite 175 Phoenix, Arizona 85004	Dan Neidlinger 3020 North 17 th Drive Phoenix, Arizona 85015
20	Barry Huddleston	
	Destec Energy P.O. Box 4411	Jessica Youle Salt River Project
21	Houston, Texas 77210-4411	P.O. Box 52025 PAB 300
22	Steve Montgomery	Phoenix, Arizona 85072-2025
	Johnson Controls 2032 West 4 th Street	Patricia Cooper
23	Tempe, Arizona 85281	Arizona Electric Power Cooperative P.O. Box 670
24		Benson, Arizona 85602-0670

2	Center for Energy and Economic Develop. 7853 E. Arapahoe Court, Suite 2600
	Englewood, Colorado 80112
3	Ken Saline K. R. Saline & Associates
4	160 North Pasadena, Suite 101 Mesa, Arizona 85201-6764
5	Louis A. Stahl
6	Streich Lang 2 North Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004
7	Douglas Mitchell
8	San Diego Gas and Electric Co. P.O. Box 1831 San Diego, California 92112
9	Craig Marks
10	Citizens Utilities Company 2901 North Central Avenue, Suite 1660 Phoenix, Arizona 85012
11	Ellen Corkhill
12	AARP 5606 North 17 th Street
13	Phoenix, Arizona 85016
14	Phyllis Rowe Arizona Consumers Council 6841 N. 15 th Place
15	Phoenix, Arizona 85014
16	Andrew Gregorich BHP Copper P.O. Box M
17	San Manuel, Arizona
18	Larry McGraw USDA-RUS 6266 Weeping Willow
19	Rio Rancho, New Mexico 87124
20	Jim Driscoll Arizona Citizen Action
21	2430 S. Mill, Suite 237 Tempe, Arizona 85282
22	William Baker Electrical District No. 6
23	P.O. Box 16450 Phoenix, Arizona 85011

1 | Terry Ross

24

Clifford Cauthen Graham County Electric Cooperative P.O. Drawer B Pima, Arizona 85543

Marv Athey Trico Electric Cooperative P.O. Box 35970 Tucson, Arizona 85740

Joe Eichelberger Magma Copper Company P.O. Box 37 Superior, Arizona 85273

Wayne Retzlaff Navopache Electric Cooperative P.O. Box 308 Lakeside, Arizona 85929

Sheryl Johnson Texas-New Mexico Power Co. 4100 International Plaza Fort Worth, Texas 76109

Steve Kean Enron P.O. Box 1188 Houston, Texas 77251-1188

Douglas A. Oglesby Vantus Energy Corporation 353 Sacramento Street, Suite 1900 San Francisco, California 94111

Michael Block Goldwater Institute 201 North Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004

Stan Barnes
Copper State Consulting Group
100 West Washington, Suite 1415
Phoenix, Arizona 85003

Carl Robert Aron Itron, Inc. 2818 N. Sullivan Road Spokane, Washington 99216

Douglas Nelson Douglas C. Nelson, P.C. 7000 North 16th Street, Suite 120-307 Phoenix, Arizona 85020

1	lohn lov Liet
2	John Jay List National Rural Utilities Cooperative Financ 2202 Cooperative Way
3	Herndon, Virginia 21071
4	Wallace Tillman National Rural Electric Cooperative Assoc 4301 Wilson Boulevard
5	Arlington, Virginia 22203-1860
6	Albert Sterman Arizona Consumers Council 2849 E. 8 th Street
7	Tucson, Arizona 85716
8	Michael Grant Gallagher & Kennedy 2600 North Central Avenue
9	Phoenix, Arizona 85004
10	Suzanne Dallimore Antitrust Unit Chief
11	Attorney General's Office 1275 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007
12	Jesse Sears
13	City Attorney 200 West Washington, Suite 1300 Phoenix, Arizona 85003-1611
14	William J. Murphy
15	200 W. Washington, Suite 1400 Phoenix, Arizona 85003-1611
16	Russell E. Jones 33 N. Stone Avenue, Suite 2100
17	P.O. Box 2268 Tucson, Arizona 85702
18	Elizabeth S. Firkins International Brotherhood of Electrical
19	Workers L.U. #1116 750 S. Tucson Boulevard
20	Tucson, Arizona 85716-5698
21	Andrew Bettwy Southwest Gas Corporation 5241 Spring Mountain Road
22	Las Vegas, Nevada 89102

24

Lawrence V. Robertson, Jr. Munger Chadwick PLC 333 North Wilmot, Suite 300 Tucson, Arizona 85711-2634

Tom Broderick 6900 E. Camelback Rd #700 Scottsdale, Arizona 85251

Robert Julian PPG 1500 Merrell Lane Belgrade, Montana 59714

C. Webb Crockett Fennemore Craig 3003 North Central Avenue, Suite 2600 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2913

Robert S. Lynch 340 E. Palm Lane, Suite 140 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-4529

Lex Smith Brown and Bain P.O. Box 400 Phoenix, Arizona 85001-0400

Vinnie Hunt City of Tucson Dept. of Operations 4004 S. Park Avenue, Building #2 Tucson, Arizona 85714

Steve Wheeler Snell & Wilmer 400 E. Van Buren Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0001

Christopher Hitchcock Hitchcock, Hicks & Conlogue P.O. Box 87 Bisbee, Arizona 85603-0087

Myron L. Scott 1628 E. Southern Avenue, No. 9-328 Tempe, Arizona 85282-2179

Barbara Goldberg
Office of the City Attorney
3939 Civic Center Boulevard
Scottsdale, Arizona 85251

Peter Glaser
Doherty Rumble & Butler, PA
1401 New York Avenue, N.W., Suite 1100
Washington, DC 20005

Bradford A. Borman
PacifiCorp
201 S. Main, Suite 2000
Salt Lake City, Utah 84140

Marcia Weeks
18970 N. 116th Lane
Surprise, Arizona 85374

Timothy Michael Toy

Winthrop, Stimson, Putnam & Roberts
One Battery Park Plaza
New York, New York 10004-1490

By Cheryl Frauloh, Legal Secretary II

Larry K. Udall Arizona Municipal Power Users Assoc. 2712 North 7th Street Phoenix, Arizona 85006-1090

Timothy Hogan
Arizona Center for Law in the Public
Interest
202 E. McDowell Rd., Suite 153
Phoenix, Arizona 85004

John T. Travers 272 Market Square, Suite 2724 Lake Forest, Illinois 60045

Stephanie A. Conaghan Duane, Morris & Heckscher LLP 1667 K Street N.W., Suite 700 Washington, DC 20006-1608

RUCO's Proposed Modifications to Emergency Amendments to Retail Electric Competition Rules

R14-2-203 Establishment of service

D.4. Service establishments with an Electric Service Provider will be scheduled for the next regular meter read date if the direct access service request is processed 15 calendar days prior to that date and appropriate metering equipment is in place. If a direct access service request is made in less than 15 days prior to the next regular read date, service will be established at the next regular meter read date thereafter. The utility may offer afterhours or earlier service for a fee. This section shall not apply to the establishment of new service, but is limited to a change of providers of existing electric service.

R-14-2-210 Billing and Collection

- A.1. Unless otherwise approved by the Commission, the utility or billing entity shall render a bill for each billing period to every customer in accordance with its applicable rate schedule and may offer billing options for the services rendered. Meter readings shall be scheduled for periods of not less than 25 days without customer authorization or more than 35 days without customer authorization. If the utility or Meter Reading Service Provider changes a meter reading route or schedule resulting in a significant alteration of billing cycles, notice shall be given to the affected customers.
- A.3.d. Due to customer equipment failure, a 1-month estimation will be allowed.

 Failure to remedy the customer equipment condition will result in penalties as imposed by the Commission.
- A.5.d. The utility can obtain a customer-supplied meter reading.
- A.6.c. omit (move above to A.5.d. as noted)

- C.1. All bills for utility services are shall be due and payable no later less than 15 days from the date of the bill. Any payment not received within this time frame by the due date shall be considered delinquent and could incur a late payment charge.
- E.1. The utility or Meter Reading Service Provider shall test a meter upon customer request and each utility or billing entity shall be authorized to charge the customer for such meter test according to the tariff on file approved by the Commission. However, if the meter is found to be in error by more than 3%, no meter testing fee may be charged to the customer. If the <u>a tested</u> meter is found to be more than 3% in error, either fast or slow, the correction of previous bills will shall be made under the following terms allowing the utility to recover or refund the difference:
 - a. If the date of the meter error can be definitely fixed, the utility or billing entity shall adjust the customer's billings back to that date. If the customer has been underbilled, the Company will utility or billing entity shall allow the customer to repay this difference over an equal length of time that the underbillings occurred. The customer may shall be allowed to pay the backbill without late payment penalties, unless there is evidence of meter tampering or energy diversion.
 - b. If it is determined that the customer has been overbilled and there is no evidence of meter tampering or energy diversion, the Company will utility or billing entity shall make prompt refunds in of the difference between the original billing and the corrected billing within the next billing cycle.
- F. Insufficient funds (NSF) or Returned Checks and Other Insufficient Funds
- F.1 A utility shall be allowed to recover a fee, as approved by the Commission

- in a tariff proceeding, for each instance where a customer tenders payment for utility service with a check which that is returned by the customer's bank financial institution.
- F.2. When the utility is notified by the customer's bank <u>financial institution</u> that the check <u>payment</u> tendered for utility service will not clear, the utility may require the customer to make payment in cash, by money order, certified check, or other means to guarantee the customer's payment to the utility.
- F.3 A customer who tenders such a check an insufficient payment shall in no way be relieved of the obligation to render payment to the utility under the original terms of the bill nor defer the utility's provision of termination of service for nonpayment of bills.

R14-2-1601 Definitions

- 8. <u>"Consumer Information"</u> <u>"Consumer Education"</u> is impartial information provided to consumers about competition or competitive and noncompetitive services and is distinct from advertising and marketing.
- The value of all the prudent jurisdictional assets and obligations necessary to furnish electricity (such as generating plants, purchased power contracts, fuel contracts, and regulatory assets), acquired or entered into prior to the adoption of this Article

 December 26, 1996, under traditional regulation of Affected

 Utilities; and
- 40. "System Benefits" means Commission-approved utility low-income,

 demand side management, environmental, and renewables, and nuclear

 power plant decommissioning programs.

R-14-2-1603 Certificates of Convenience and Necessity

B.5. Documentation of the financial capability of the applicant to provide the proposed services, including the most recent income statement and balance sheet, the most recent projected income statement, and other pertinent financial information. Audited information shall be provided if available; If available, financial information examined by an independent auditor shall be provided. Unaudited financial information shall be clearly marked "Unaudited" and the preparer identified;

R14-2-1604 Competitive Phases

- B. As part of the minimum 20% of 1995 system peak demand set forth in R14-2-1604(A), each Each Affected Utility shall reserve a residential phase-in program with the following components:
- B.1. A minimum of ½- of 1% ten percent of residential customers as of January 1, 1999 will shall have access to competitive electric services on January 1, 1999. The number of customers eligible for the residential phase-in program shall increase by an additional ½ of 1% five percent every quarter six months until January 1, 2001.
- B.3. Load profiling may be used; however, residential Residential customers participating in the residential phase-in program shall be permitted to use Load Profiling to satisfy the requirements for hourly consumption data; however they may choose other metering options offered by their Electric Service Provider consistent with the Commission's rules on metering.
- B.4. Each Affected Utility shall file a residential phase-in program proposal to with the Commission for approval by Director, Utilities Division by September 15, 1998. Interested parties will have until September 29,

- 1998 to comment on any proposal. At a minimum, the residential phase-in program proposal will shall include specifics concerning the Affected Utility's proposed:
- C. Each Affected Utility shall file a report an application by September 15, 1998, detailing possible mechanisms to provide benefits, such as rate reductions of 3% 5%, to all Standard Offer customers. to decrease standard offer rates by at least three to five percent.
- G. An Affected Utility, Utility Distribution Company, or A Load-Serving entity may, beginning January 1, 2001, engage in buy-throughs with individual or aggregated consumers. Any buy-through contract shall ensure that the consumer pays all non-bypassable charges that would otherwise apply. Any contract for a buy-through effective prior to the date indicated in R14-2-1604(A) [specify which date—both January 1, 1999 and January 1, 2001 are referred to in R14-2-1604.A] must be approved by the Commission.

R14-2-1606 Services Required to be Made Available

A. Each Affected Utility shall make available to all consumers in that class in its service area, as defined on the date indicated in R14-2-1602, Standard Offer bundled generation, transmission, ancillary, distribution, and other necessary services at regulated rates. After January 1, 2001 Standard Offer service shall be provided by Utility Distribution Companies who shall also act as Providers of Last Resort.

R14-2-1607 Recovery of Stranded Cost of Affected Utilities

D. An Affected Utility shall request Commission approval, on or before August 21, 1998, of distribution charges or other means of recovering unmitigated Stranded Cost from customers who reduce or terminate service from the Affected Utility as a direct result of competition governed

by this Article, or who obtain lower rates from the Affected Utility as a direct result of the competition governed by this Article. Unmitigated Stranded Costs eligible for recovery shall be recovered both from customers who reduce or terminate generation service from the Affected Utility as a direct result of competition governed by this Article by taking generation service from alternative suppliers, as well as from customers who stay with the Standard Offer service, through a non-bypassable, nondiscriminatory completely neutral wires charge.

E. A Competitive Transition Charge (CTC) may be assessed only on customer purchases made in the competitive market using the provisions of this Article shall be assessed on all customers continuing to use the distribution system based on the amount of generation purchased from any supplier. Any reduction in electricity purchases from an Affected Utility resulting from self-generation, demand side management, or other demand reduction attributable to any cause other than retail access provisions of this Article shall not be used to calculate or recover any Stranded Cost from a consumer.

R14-2-1608 System Benefits Charges

A. By the date indicated in R14-2-1602, each Affected Utility or Utility Distribution Company shall file for Commission review non-bypassable rates or related mechanisms to recover the applicable pro-rata costs of System Benefits from all consumers located in the Affected Utility's or Utility Distribution Companies' Company's service area who participate in the competitive market. Affected Utilities or Utility Distribution Companies shall file for review of the Systems Benefits Charge every 3 years. The amount collected annually through the System Benefits charge shall be

sufficient to fund the Affected Utilities' or Utility Distribution Companies' Commission-approved low income, demand side management, market transformation, environmental, renewables, and long-term public benefit research and development and nuclear fuel disposal and nuclear power plant decommissioning programs in effect from time to time. Now, the Commission will approve a solar water heater rebate program: \$200,000 to be allocated proportionally among the state's Utility Distribution Companies in 1999, \$400,000 in 2000, \$600,000 in 2001, \$800,000 in 2002, and \$1 million in 2003; the rebate will not be more than \$500 per system for Commission staff-approved solar water heaters. After 2003, future Commissions may review this program for efficacy.

<u>R14-2-1613</u> Service Quality, Consumer Protections, Safety and Billing Requirements

C. No consumer shall be deemed to have changed providers of any service authorized in this Article (including changes from supply by the Affected Utility to another provider) without written authorization by the consumer for service from the new provider. If a consumer is switched (or slammed) to a different ("new") provider without such written authorization, the new provider shall cause services by the previous provider to be resumed and the new provider shall bear all costs associated with switching the consumer back to the previous provider. A written authorization that is obtained by deceit or deceptive practices shall not be deemed a valid written authorization. Providers shall submit reports within 30 days of the end of each calendar quarter to the Commission itemizing the direct complaints filed by customers who have had their Electric Service Providers changed without their authorization. Violations of the Commission's rules concerning slamming unauthorized changes of <u>providers</u> may result in fines and penalties, including but not limited to and/or suspension or revocation of the provider's certificate.

Insert new paragraph D as follows, and renumber to conform:

- D. A customer with an annual load of 100,000 kW or less may rescind its authorization to change providers of any service authorized in this Article within three business days, without penalty, by providing written notice to the provider.
- J.7. Competitive customers with hourly loads of 20kW (or 100,000 kWh annually) or less, will shall be permitted to use Load Profiling to satisfy the requirements of hourly consumption data. however, they may choose other metering options offered by their Electric Service Provider consistent with the Commission's rules on metering.
- J.8. Meter ownership will shall be limited to the Affected Utility, Utility

 Distribution Company, and the Electric Service Provider, or the customer,

 who will obtain obtains the meter from the Affected Utility, or Utility

 Distribution Company, or an Electric Service Provider.
- J.13 through J.15 state specific standards

R14-2-1615 Administrative Requirements

Insert new paragraph E:

E. Prior to January 1, 1999, the Director, Utilities Division shall implement a

Consumer Education program as approved by the Commission.

R14-2-1617 Electric Affiliate Transaction Rules

A. Separation

An Affected Utility or Utility Distribution Company and its affiliates shall operate as separate corporate entities. Books and records shall be kept separate, in accordance with applicable Uniform System of Accounts (USOA) and Generally Accepted Accounting Procedures Principles

(GAAP). The books and records of any Electric Service Provider that is an affiliate of an Affected Utility or Utility Distribution Company shall be open for examination by the Commission and its staff consistent with the provisions set forth in A.A.C. R14-2-1614. All proprietary information shall remain confidential.

A.4. An Affected Utility or Utility Distribution Company shall not offer or provide to its affiliates advertising space in any customer written communication to customers unless it provides access to all other unaffiliated service providers on the same terms and conditions.

A.7. Transfer of Goods and Services: To the extent that these rules do not prohibit transfer of goods and services between an Affected Utility or Utility Distribution Company and its affiliates, all such transfers, including transfers of generation assets, shall be subject to the following price provisions:

R14-2-1618 Disclosure of Information

B.5. Composition of resource portfolio,

B.6. Fuel mix characteristics of the resource portfolio,

B.7. Emissions characteristics of the resource portfolio,

9-18-98 proposed language.doc 09/17/98 1:09 PM